

PLANNING PROPOSAL



PROPOSAL: Reclassification of Land

ADDRESS: 7 Yarrawonga Crescent Cowra

DATE: 12 December 2019



DESCRIPTION: Planning Proposal – Reclassification of Land

CLIENT: Allan and Rachel Tarrant

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Anthony Daintith (Principal) Date: 12 December 2019



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CONTENTS

со	ITENTS	.3
1	BACKGROUND	. 5
1	1 INTRODUCTION	.5
1	2 PROPONENT AND OWNER	.6
2	SUBJECT LAND	.7
2	1 SITE DESCRIPTION	.7
2		
2		
PAF	T 1 – OBJECTIVES OR INTENDED OUTCOMES	13
PAF	T 2 – EXPLANATION OF PROVISIONS	14
PAF	T 3 JUSTIFICATION	14
S	CTION A – NEED FOR PLANNING PROPOSAL	14
	Is the planning proposal a result of any strategic study or report?	
	Is the planning proposal the best means of achieving the objectives or intende	
	outcomes, or is there a better way?	
ç	Is there a net community benefit?	
3	Is the planning proposal consistent with the objectives and actions contained within the	
	applicable regional or subregional Strategy?	16
	Is the planning proposal consistent with the local Council's Community Strategic Plan	
	other local strategic plan?	16
	Is the planning proposal consistent with applicable State Environmental Planning Policie	
	Is the planning proposal consistent with applicable Ministerial Directions (s.9.1 directions);
S	CTION C ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL & ECONOMIC IMPACT	
	Is there any likelihood that critical habitat or threatened species, populations ecological communities or their habitats will be adversely affected as a result of the	ne
	proposal? Are there any other likely environmental effects as a result of the planning proposal ar	
	how are they proposed to be managed?	
	How has the planning proposal adequately addressed any social and econom	
	impacts?	26
S	CTION D – STATE AND COMMONWEALTH INTERESTS	
	Is there adequate public infrastructure for the planning proposal?	
	What are the views of State and Commonwealth public authorities consulted accordance with the gateway determination?	
4.	COMMUNITY CONSULTATION	
5.		
APF	ENDIX 1 – PN 16-001	29



FIGURE 1: EXTRACT OF DP 1001729	
FIGURE 2: EXISTING SITE DETAIL	
FIGURE 3: LOCALITY PLAN	9
FIGURE 4: AERIAL PHOTO	9
FIGURE 5: LEP - ZONING MAP	
FIGURE 6: LEP - MLS MAP	
FIGURE 7: LEP MAP - LAND CLASSIFICATION MAP	
PHOTO 1: SUBJECT LAND SHOWING ENCROACHMENTS	
TABLE 1: LAND TITLE DETAILS	7
TABLE 2: SECTION 9.1 DIRECTIONS	



1 BACKGROUND

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Allan and Rachel Tarrant have engaged Anthony Daintith Town Planning (ADTP) to prepare a Planning Proposal that seeks to amend the Cowra Local Environmental Plan 2012 by seeking the reclassification of part of Lot 1 DP 1001729 (adjacent to the rear of 7 Yarrawonga Drive, Cowra) from community to operational land. The purpose of the reclassification of land is to facilitate a boundary adjustment with Lot 7 DP 252626 that will correct a building encroachment onto Lot 1.

If supported, the applicant will lodge an application to Council for a boundary adjustment (approximately 93.6m² to be transferred to 7 Yarrawonga). This is depicted on the proposed boundary adjustment plan attached to the Planning Proposal.

A planning proposal is a document that explains the intended effect of a proposed local environmental plan (LEP) and sets out the justification for making that plan. It will be used and read by a wide audience including the general community as well as those who are responsible for deciding whether or not the proposal should proceed. As such it must be concise and accessible to its audience. It must also be technically competent - founded on an accurate assessment of the likely impacts of the proposal and supported where necessary by technical studies and investigations.

The preparation of a planning proposal is the first step in preparing a LEP. Throughout the course of preparing the proposed LEP, the planning proposal evolves. This is particularly the case for complex proposals in which the initial gateway determination will confirm the technical studies and consultation required to justify the proposal. As the studies and consultation are undertaken, relevant parts of the planning proposal will be updated, amended and embellished.

The role of a planning proposal within the overall process for preparing LEPs is explained in the publication "A guide to preparing local environmental plans" (Department of Planning & Environment, December 2018).

A planning proposal is comprised of five parts:

Part 1 - A statement of the objectives or intended outcomes of the proposed instrument;

Part 2 - An explanation of the provisions that are to be included in the proposed instrument;

Part 3 - The justification for those objectives, outcomes and the process for their implementation;



Part 4 – Maps, where relevant, to identify the intent of the planning proposal and the area to which it applies;

Part 5 - Details of the community consultation that is to be undertaken on the planning proposal.

Section 3.33(3) of the Act allows the Planning Secretary to issue requirements with respect to the preparation of a planning proposal. The Secretary's requirements include:

- Specific matters that must be addressed in the justification (Part 3) of the planning proposal
- A project timeline to detail the anticipated timeframe for the plan making process for each planning proposal.

The project timeline forms Part 6 of a planning proposal.

1.2 PROPONENT AND OWNER

The proponent is Allan and Rachel Tarrant, C/- Anthony Daintith Town Planning. The registered owner of the subject land is Cowra Shire Council.



2 SUBJECT LAND

2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION

The subject land is identified as Binni Creek Road, Cowra. Refer to **Figure 1**, which depicts the site within the locality. **Figure 2** provides an aerial photo of the site.

The area of the subject land is 2.856 ha.

Note: Lot 7 DP 252626 (7 Yarrawonga Crescent) has an area of 815.6m2.

The land title description is:

Table 1: Land Title Details

Lot	Deposited Plan
1	1001729





The following figure provides an overview of the structures on the subject land.



Figure 2: Existing site detail

As can be seen above, the encroachments includes a brick spa area, metal fence on a low retaining wall and inground pool. The largest encroachment is 2.54 metres over the boundary.





Figure 4: Aerial Photo



Planning Proposal – Amendment to Cowra LEP 2012 Reclassification of Land Page 9 of 31 V1.0



2.2 GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION

<u>Topography</u>

The land is relatively level.

Vegetation

The site is cleared with the exception of one tree (which is proposed to be retained).

<u>Waterways</u>

There are no watercourses traversing the site.

<u>Buildings</u>

the encroachments includes a brick spa area, metal fence on a low retaining wall and inground pool

Photo 1: Subject land showing encroachments.





2.3 COWRA LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2012

The subject land is currently zoned RE1 Public Recreation under the Cowra Local Environmental Plan 2012 (refer to **Figure 5** below).



Zone RE1 Public Recreation

- 1 Objectives of zone
- To enable land to be used for public open space or recreational purposes.
- To provide a range of recreational settings and activities and compatible land uses.
- To protect and enhance the natural environment for recreational purposes.
- To maximise public transport patronage and encourage walking and cycling.
- 2 Permitted without consent
- Environmental protection works

3 Permitted with consent

Aquaculture; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Community facilities; Environmental facilities; Information and education facilities; Jetties; Kiosks; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (major); Recreation facilities; Water recreation structures; Water recycling facilities; Water supply systems

4 Prohibited

Water treatment facilities; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

There is no proposal to change the zone of the land.



There is no minimum lot size (MLS) applicable for the subject land (refer to **Figure 6** below). There is no proposal to amend the MLS. It is noted that the MLS for 7 Yarrawonga Crescent is 700m².



Figure 6: LEP - MLS Map



PART 1 – OBJECTIVES OR INTENDED OUTCOMES

Part 1 of the planning proposal should be a concise statement setting out the objectives or intended outcomes of the planning proposal. It is a statement of what is planned to be achieved, not how it is to be achieved. It should be written in such a way that it can be understood by the layperson.

The objective of this Planning Proposal is to amend the Cowra Local Environmental Plan 2012 by:

• Change to Schedule 4 (Part1) by the reclassification of part of the subject land from Community Land to Operational Land.

This change will enable a boundary adjustment between the subject land and the neighbouring Lot 7 to correct a building encroachment (and sale of public land).

This Planning Proposal will require a change to the LEP mapping (Land Reclassification Map). The new map will include 93.6m² of Lot 1.



Figure 7: LEP Map - Land Classification Map



PART 2 – EXPLANATION OF PROVISIONS

The explanation of provisions is an explicit statement of how the objectives or intended outcomes are to be achieved by means of new controls on development imposed via a LEP.

It is proposed to amend the Cowra Local Environmental Plan 2012 by including the subject land (part of Lot 1 DP 1001729) under Schedule 4 Part 1 (Land classified, or reclassified, as operational land – no interests changed) as "Operational Land".

A title search for Lot 1 DP 1001729 shows that the land has a public reserve status. The public reserve status of the land is an 'interest' that will need to be discharged (for the relevant part of the land) before a reclassification can occur. The land will be detailed under Schedule 4 Part 2 of the LEP accordingly.

PART 3 JUSTIFICATION

The justification sets out the case for changing the zones and/or development controls on the land affected by the proposed LEP.

Within the justification there are a number of specific questions that must be discussed with reasons explained.

Section A – Need for Planning Proposal

Is the planning proposal a result of any strategic study or report?

No - the Planning Proposal is not a result of any strategic study or report.

The Planning Proposal will provide the opportunity for a boundary adjustment between the subject land and Lot 7 DP 252626 to correct a building encroachment issue.

The planning proposal will provide an improved planning outcome for the subject land that has been determined in consultation with the Cowra Council Planning Department.

Is the planning proposal the best means of achieving the objectives or intended outcomes, or is there a better way?

The Planning Proposal is the best way of achieving the objectives and intended outcomes. There are no other feasible methods to achieve this final outcome.

Is there a net community benefit?



There is a negligible impact on the community. The issues associated with the planning proposal are localised and won't have any offsite impacts. It is of the public benefit to remedy the boundary encroachment, but first the land needs to be reclassified to "operational land".



Section B – Relationship to Strategic Planning Framework

Is the planning proposal consistent with the objectives and actions contained within the applicable regional or subregional Strategy?

The proposal is not inconsistent with the provisions of any applicable planning strategy. The impacts of the proposed are relatively localised.

Is the planning proposal consistent with the local Council's Community Strategic Plan or other local strategic plan?

It is considered that the Planning Proposal is not inconsistent with Councils Land Use Strategy:

- There are no significant environmental or natural features affecting the site.
- There are no known heritage issues affecting the site.
- Adequate cost-effective servicing already exists on site and is available to the proposed future development on the site.
- There are no servicing issues applicable to this proposal.
- There are no significant topographical features affecting the subject land.
- Negligible impact on the economy.
- Will enable a building encroachment to be corrected.

Is the planning proposal consistent with applicable State Environmental Planning Policies?

The Planning Proposal is considered to be consistent with the relevant State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) including the following:

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 – Remediation of Land (SEPP 55)

Council must consider Clause 6 of the SEPP when determining a Development Application:

6 Contamination and remediation to be considered in zoning or rezoning proposal

(1) In preparing an environmental planning instrument, a planning authority is not to include in a particular zone (within the meaning of the instrument) any land specified in subclause (4) if the inclusion of the land in that zone would permit a change of use of the land, unless:

(a) the planning authority has considered whether the land is contaminated, and

(b) if the land is contaminated, the planning authority is satisfied that the land is suitable in its contaminated state (or will be suitable, after remediation) for all the purposes for which land in the zone concerned is permitted to be used, and



(c) if the land requires remediation to be made suitable for any purpose for which land in that zone is permitted to be used, the planning authority is satisfied that the land will be so remediated before the land is used for that purpose. Note.

In order to satisfy itself as to paragraph (c), the planning authority may need to include certain provisions in the environmental planning instrument.

(2) Before including land of a class identified in subclause (4) in a particular zone, the planning authority is to obtain and have regard to a report specifying the findings of a preliminary investigation of the land carried out in accordance with the contaminated land planning guidelines.

(3) If a person has requested the planning authority to include land of a class identified in subclause (4) in a particular zone, the planning authority may require the person to furnish the report referred to in subclause (2).

(4) The following classes of land are identified for the purposes of this clause:

(a) land that is within an investigation area,

(b) land on which development for a purpose referred to in Table 1 to the contaminated land planning guidelines is being, or is known to have been, carried out,

(c) to the extent to which it is proposed to carry out development on it for residential, educational, recreational or child care purposes, or for the purposes of a hospital—land:

(i) in relation to which there is no knowledge (or incomplete knowledge) as to whether development for a purpose referred to in Table 1 to the contaminated land planning guidelines has been carried out, and

(ii) on which it would have been lawful to carry out such development during any period in respect of which there is no knowledge (or incomplete knowledge).

(5) In this clause, planning authority has the same meaning as it has in section 145A of the Act.

The potential for contamination appears minimal (the site has been used for residential purposes). This is based upon an inspection of the site and surrounding lands and discussions with the current landowners.

Accordingly, it is recommended that a detailed investigation is not necessary or warranted in this instance.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

The proposal is not inconsistent with the provisions of the SEPP.



Is the planning proposal consistent with applicable Ministerial Directions (s.9.1 directions)?

The following provides a summary of the Section 9.1 Directions issued on 1 July 2009 in accordance with the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979, as relevant to the planning proposal:

Table 2: Section 9.	. I Directions	
Direction No.	Provisions	Consideration
1.1 Business & Industrial Zones	When this Direction Applies This direction applies when a relevant planning authority prepares a planning	Not applicable. There are no business/industrial zones affected.
	proposal that will affect land within an existing or proposed business or industrial zone (including the alteration of any existing business or industrial zone boundary).	The planning proposal is not considered to be inconsistent with this s9.1 Direction.
	What a relevant planning authority must do if this direction applies	
	A planning proposal must: (a) give effect to the objectives of this direction,	
	 (b) retain the areas and locations of existing business and industrial zones, (c) not reduce the total potential floor space area for employment uses and related public services in business zones, (d) not reduce the total potential floor space area for industrial uses in industrial 	
	zones, and (e) ensure that proposed new employment areas are in accordance with a strategy that is approved by the Director-General of the Department of Planning.	
1.2 Rural Zones	What a relevant planning authority must do if this direction applies	It is not proposed to rezone land from a rural zone to a residential, business,
	A planning proposal must: (a) not rezone land from a rural zone to a residential, business, industrial, village or tourist zone. (b) not contain provisions that will increase the permissible density of land	industrial, village or tourist zone – it will enable the
	within a rural zone (other than land within an existing town or village).	The planning proposal will not contain any increase in the permissible density of
	A planning proposal may be inconsistent with the terms of this direction only if the relevant planning authority can satisfy	land within a rural zone – the proposal will not result in any
Planning Proposal – Ame Reclassification of Land	relevant planning authority can satisfy andment to Cowra LEP 2012	Page 18 o

Table 2: Section 9.1 Directions

		DAINTITH TOWN PLANNING
	the Director-General of the Department of Planning (or an officer of the Department nominated by the Director- General) that the provisions of the planning proposal that are inconsistent are: justified by a strategy which: gives consideration to the objectives of this direction, identifies the land which is the subject of the planning proposal (if the planning proposal relates to a particular site or sites), and is approved by the Director-General of the Department of Planning, or (b) justified by a study prepared in support of the planning proposal which gives consideration to the objectives of this direction, or (c) in accordance with the relevant Regional Strategy or Sub-Regional Strategy prepared by the Department of Planning which gives consideration to the objective of this direction, or (d) is of minor significance.	increase in dwelling entitlements. Accordingly, it is considered that this proposal is consistent with this direction.
1.3 Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive		Not considered applicable to this proposal.
Industries 1.4 Oyster		Not considered applicable
Aquaculture		to this proposal.
1.5 Rural Lands	When this direction applies	Not considered applicable to this proposal.
	This direction applies when: (a) a relevant planning authority prepares a planning proposal that will affect land within an existing or proposed rural or environment protection zone (including the alteration of any existing rural or environment protection zone boundary) or (b) a relevant planning authority prepares a planning proposal that changes the existing minimum lot size on land within a rural or environment protection zone. What a relevant planning authority must	There is no proposal to rezone any rural lands.
	 do if this direction applies: (4) A planning proposal to which clauses 3(a) or 3(b) apply must be consistent with the Rural Planning Principles listed in State 	



	Environmental Planning Policy (Rural Lands) 2008. (5) A planning proposal to which clause 3(b) applies must be consistent with the Rural Subdivision Principles listed in State Environmental Planning Policy (Rural Lands) 2008.	
2.1 Environment Protection Zones		Not applicable to this proposal.
2.2 Coastal		Not applicable to this
Protection		proposal.
2.3 Heritage Conservation		Not applicable to this proposal. The subject land is not affected by any Heritage Conservation Area of heritage item (including neighbouring lots).
2.4 Recreation		Not applicable to this
Vehicle Areas		proposal.
3.1 Residential Zones	When this direction applies(3) This direction applies when a relevant	Not applicable to this Planning Proposal.
	 planning authority prepares a planning proposal that will affect land within: (a) an existing or proposed residential zone (including the alteration of any existing residential zone boundary), (b) any other zone in which significant residential development is permitted or proposed to be permitted. What a relevant planning authority must do if this direction applies (4) A planning proposal must include provisions that encourage the provision of housing that will: (a) broaden the choice of building types and locations available in the housing market, and (b) make more efficient use of existing infrastructure and services, and (c) reduce the consumption of land for housing and associated urban development on the urban fringe, and (d) be of good design. 	It is however noted that the land adjoins R1 zoned land. It is considered that the reclassification of the land to operational (and subsequent boundary adjustment to fix the building encroachment) wont necessitate the extension of the R1 zone. No future residential development will be requirement nor permitted in this area.
	to land to which this direction applies: (a) contain a requirement that residential development is not permitted until land is adequately serviced (or arrangements satisfactory to the council, or other appropriate authority, have been made to service it), and	



	(b) not contain provisions which will reduce the permissible residential density of land.	
3.2 Caravan	When this direction applies	Not applicable.
Parks & Manufactured Home Estates	(3) This direction applies when a relevant planning authority prepares a planning proposal.	The planning proposal is not considered to be inconsistent with this \$9.1 Direction.
	What a relevant planning authority must do if this direction applies	
	 (4) In identifying suitable zones, locations and provisions for caravan parks in a planning proposal, the relevant planning authority must: (a) retain provisions that permit development for the purposes of a caravan park to be carried out on land, and 	
	(b) retain the zonings of existing caravan parks, or in the case of a new principal LEP zone the land in accordance with an appropriate zone under the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006 that would facilitate the retention of the existing caravan park.	
2.2	(5) In identifying suitable zones, locations and provisions for manufactured home estates (MHEs) in a planning proposal, the relevant planning authority must: (a) take into account the categories of land set out in Schedule 2 of SEPP 36 as to where MHEs should not be located, (b) take into account the principles listed in clause 9 of SEPP 36 (which relevant planning authorities are required to consider when assessing and determining the development and subdivision proposals), and (c) include provisions that the subdivision of MHEs by long term lease of up to 20 years or under the Community Land Development Act 1989 be permissible with consent.	
3.3 Home Occupations		Not applicable to this proposal.
3.4 Integrating Land Use and Transport		No new access is proposed or required.
3.5 Development Near Licensed Aerodromes		The subject land is not within the OLS of the Cowra Airport.



3.6 Shooting		Not applicable to this
Ranges		proposal.
4.1 Acid Sulfate		Not applicable to this
Soils		proposal.
4.2 Mine		It is understood that the land
Subsidence and		is not affected by mine
Unstable Land		subsidence or unstable land.
4.3 Flood Prone	When this direction applies	The subject land is not
Land		mapped as being flood
	(3) This direction applies when a relevant planning authority prepares a planning proposal that creates, removes or alters a zone or a provision that affects flood prone land.	liable land.
	What a relevant planning authority must do if this direction applies	
	(4) A planning proposal must include provisions that give effect to and are consistent with the NSW Flood Prone Land Policy and the principles of the Floodplain Development Manual 2005 (including the Guideline on Development Controls on Low Flood Risk Areas).	
	(5) A planning proposal must not rezone land within the flood planning areas from Special Use, Special Purpose, Recreation, Rural or Environmental Protection Zones to a Residential, Business, Industrial, Special Use or Special Purpose Zone.	
	(6) A planning proposal must not contain provisions that apply to the flood planning areas which:	
	a. permit development in floodway areas,b. permit development that will result in significant flood impacts to other	
	properties, c. permit a significant increase in the	
	development of that land, d. are likely to result in a substantially	
	increased requirement for government spending on flood mitigation measures,	
	infrastructure or services, or	
	e. permit development to be carried out without development consent except for	
	the purposes of agriculture (not including	
	dams, drainage canals, levees, buildings	
	or structures in floodway's or high hazard	
	areas), roads or exempt development.	
Plannina Proposal – Ame	Induction and the second secon	Page 22 of 31



	(7) A planning proposal must not impose flood related development controls above the residential flood planning level for residential development on land, unless a relevant planning authority provides adequate justification for those controls to the satisfaction of the Director- General (or an officer of the Department nominated by the Director- General).	
	(8) For the purposes of a planning proposal, a relevant planning authority must not determine a flood planning level that is inconsistent with the Floodplain Development Manual 2005 (including the Guideline on Development Controls on Low Flood Risk Areas) unless a relevant planning authority provides adequate justification for the proposed departure from that Manual to the satisfaction of the Director-General (or an officer of the Department nominated by the Director- General).	
4.4 Planning for Bushfire Protection	 When this direction applies This direction applies when a relevant planning authority prepares a planning proposal that will affect, or is in proximity to land mapped as bushfire prone land. What a relevant planning authority must do if this direction applies (4) In the preparation of a planning proposal the relevant planning authority must consult with the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service following receipt of a gateway determination under section 56 of the Act, and prior to undertaking community consultation in satisfaction of section 57 of the Act, and 	The subject is not mapped as Bushfire Prone Land. The planning proposal is not considered to be inconsistent with this S9.1 Direction.
	 take into account any comments so made, (5) A planning proposal must: (a) have regard to Planning for Bushfire Protection 2006, (b) introduce controls that avoid placing inappropriate developments in hazardous areas, and (c) ensure that bushfire hazard reduction is not prohibited within the APZ. 	



6.1 Approval and Referral Requirements 6.2 Reserving Land for Public Purposes	 (6) A planning proposal must, where development is proposed, comply with the following provisions, as appropriate: (a) provide an Asset Protection Zone (APZ) incorporating at a minimum: (i) an Inner Protection Area bounded by a perimeter road or reserve which circumscribes the hazard side of the land intended for development and has a building line consistent with the incorporation of an APZ, within the property, and (ii) an Outer Protection Area managed for hazard reduction and located on the bushland side of the perimeter road, (b) for infill development (that is development within an already subdivided area), where an appropriate APZ cannot be achieved, provide for an appropriate performance standard, in consultation with the NSW Rural Fire Service. If the provisions of the planning proposal permit Special Fire Protection 100B of the <i>Rural Fires Act 1997</i>), the APZ provisions must be complied with, (c) contain provisions for two-way access roads which links to perimeter roads and/or to fire trail networks, (d) contain provisions for adequate water supply for firefighting purposes, (e) minimise the perimeter of the area of land interfacing the hazard which may be developed, (f) introduce controls on the placement of combustible materials in the Inner Protection Area. 	This proposal is consistent. The Planning Proposal will not create, alter or reduce any existing zonings. No public/recreational lands are proposed to be rezoned as part of the Planning Proposal. Whilst there is no change to any zoning, the planning proposal will reduce an existing reservation of land
Planning Proposal – Ame	alter or reduce existing zonings or	proposal will reduce an
Reclassification of Land		V1.0



(or an officer of the Department	remainder of the public
nominated by the Director-General).	reserve).
(5) When a Minister or public authority	
requests a relevant planning authority to	None of the lands identified
reserve land for a public purpose in a	in the Planning Proposal
planning proposal and the land would	have been acquired under
be required to be acquired under	the Land Acquisition (Just
Division 3 of Part 2 of the Land Acquisition	Terms Compensation) Act
(Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991, the	1991 nor have been
relevant planning authority must:	identified by a public
(a) reserve the land in accordance with	authority or the Minister as
the request, and	being required for future
	public purposes.
	public purposes.
appropriate to its intended future use or	The planning property is set
a zone advised by the Director-General	The planning proposal is not
of the Department of Planning (or an	considered to be
officer of the Department nominated by	inconsistent with this \$9.1
the Director-General), and	Direction.
(c) identify the relevant acquiring	
authority for the land.	Note: The reclassification of
(6) When a Minister or public authority	the land to operational and
requests a relevant planning authority to	potential sale to the
include provisions in a planning proposal	neighbour through a
relating to the use of any land reserved	boundary adjustment to fix a
for a public purpose before that land is	building encroachment will
acquired, the relevant planning authority	only result in the loss of 93m2
must:	of Council owned land
(a) include the requested provisions, or	(which is not used by the
(b) take such other action as advised by	public) – impact is negligible.
the Director-General of the Department	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
of Planning (or an officer of the	Practice Note 16-001
Department nominated by the Director-	provides guidance on the
General) with respect to the use of the	process for reclassifying
land before it is acquired.	public land. Attachment 1 of
(7) When a Minister or public authority	this Practice Note contains a
requests a relevant planning authority to	checklist for the matters
include provisions in a planning proposal	needing to be addressed by
to rezone and/or remove a reservation of	the Planning Proposal. These
any land that is reserved for public	considerations are
purposes because the land is no longer	addressed in Appendix 1.
designated by that public authority for	
acquisition, the relevant planning	
authority must rezone and/or remove the	
relevant reservation in accordance with	
the request.	



Section C Environmental, Social & Economic Impact

Is there any likelihood that critical habitat or threatened species, populations or ecological communities or their habitats will be adversely affected as a result of the proposal?

The proposal is unlikely to adversely affect critical habitat or threatened species, or ecological communities, or their habitats. The site is clear of vegetation except for 1 tree that is to be retained.

Accordingly, an "Assessment of Significance" in accordance with Section 5A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 is not required. No identified issues relation to the Biodiversity Conservation Act provisions.

Are there any other likely environmental effects as a result of the planning proposal and how are they proposed to be managed?

The proposed planning proposal on the land is unlikely to result in adverse environmental effects.

There are no identified natural hazards, such as flooding, land slip, bushfire hazard and the like within the subject land.

How has the planning proposal adequately addressed any social and economic impacts?

The planning proposal is considered unlikely to result in adverse social or economic impacts in the locality (any impacts are negligible).

There are no known items or places of European or Aboriginal cultural heritage located on the subject land that would be impacted upon by the Planning Proposal.

The proposal will facilitate the future correction of a building encroachment onto the subject land via a boundary adjustment.



Section D – State and Commonwealth Interests

Is there adequate public infrastructure for the planning proposal?

The proposal will not require any upgrading to existing services.

What are the views of State and Commonwealth public authorities consulted in accordance with the gateway determination?

Council has already been consulted regarding this proposal to reclassify the subject land to Operational under the Cowra LEP 2012. The Planning Proposal is considered consistent with the requirements of Council and the relevant planning legislation.

It is proposed that any issues raised by State and Commonwealth public authorities will be addressed during the LEP's public exhibition phase.

Due to the relative small scale of the proposal, there are no identified issues that would be affected any State of Commonwealth public authority.

If any issues are raised at the Gateway stage, they can be resolved at this stage.



4. COMMUNITY CONSULTATION

Pursuant to Section 3.34 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the Director General of Planning must approve the form of the Planning Proposal under the Gateway process before community consultation is undertaken.

The Planning Proposal is considered to be Low Impact and would be publicly exhibited for a period and in a manner set out in the Gateway determination (it is understood that such a Planning Proposal will be publicly exhibited for a period of 28 days.)

The Planning Proposal is considered to be only of minor interest to the wider public due to the relatively localised nature of potential impacts. It is believed that the potential impacts would be negligible.

It is anticipated that the LEP will be finalised within a maximum period of six (6) months.

5. CONCLUSIONS

The objective of this Planning Proposal is to amend the Cowra Local Environmental Plan 2012 by the reclassification of the subject land to Operational to achieve the aims of the proposal (to ultimately correct a building encroachment).

The planning proposal has been assessed against the provisions of the relevant environmental planning instruments and Section 9.1 Directions by the Minister and is considered appropriate and is recommended that it should be supported.



APPENDIX 1 – PN 16-001

Item	Consideration	Description / Response
1	Property Description	Part Lot 1 DP 1001729
2	Ownership	Cowra Shire Council.
3	Current Land-use	The land contains a number of encroaching structures (brick spa area, metal fence, low retaining wall and an in-ground pool) associated with the adjoining residential property known as 7 Yarrawonga Crescent.
4	Relevant Site History	- The dwelling at 7 Yarrawonga Crescent was approved by Council under BA 117/1980.
		- The swimming pool was approved by Council under BA 51/1981. The site plan submitted with the application did not identify an encroachment of the structure onto public property.
		- A recreation area (including spa) was approved by Council under BA 64/1987 (plans attached). The site plan submitted with the application did not identify an encroachment of the structure onto public property. There is evidence on the file to suggest that this application was lodged in retrospect to validate physical works completed without Council approval.
		- A pergola was approved by Council under BA 104/1987. The site plan submitted with the application did not identify an encroachment of the structure onto public property.
		- The issue of the encroachment was revealed by a survey commissioned by a neighbouring property owner (Ross Fittler). Mr Fittler raised with issue with the (then) Department of Conservation & Land Management via written letter dated 31 Aug 1993.
		- The (then) Department of Conservation & Land Management wrote to Cowra Council on 19 October 1993 enclosing a copy of Mr Fittler's letter for Council's attention. Council was asked to provide the Department with advice relating to the sequence of events in regard to building applications that could have led to the encroachment.
		 Cowra Council provided a written response to the (then) Department of Conservation & Land Management on 26 October 1993. Council's letter
Plannina	Proposal – Amendment to Cowra LEP 2012	Page 29 of 31

		ANTHONY DAINTITH TOWN PLANNING
		confirms that BA 64/1987 related to works completed without Council approval, and that the issue of the encroaching structures were not shown on the submitted site plan.
		- The file does not include any subsequent correspondence from this period in the early 1990's to show that the issue of the encroachment was followed up by Cowra Council or the (then) Department of Conservation & Land Management.
		- A Section 149D Building Application was subsequently lodged with Council in 2002 accompanied by a site survey from CPC Land Development Consultants. The site survey shows the full extent of the encroachments.
		- There is no subsequent file history.
5 Curre	ent Classification	Lot 1 DP 1001729 is currently classified as community land.
6 Propo	osed Classification	93.6m ² of Lot 1 DP 1001729 is proposed to be reclassified to operational land. This land is clearly shown in the Planning Proposal.
7 Is the	land a Public Reserve?	Yes. See attached title search.
8 What	are the strategic merits?	The reclassification is not required for strategic planning reasons.
9 What merit	are the site specific s?	The reclassification of the relevant part of the land will enable the Council and affected landowner to resolve the issue of the encroaching structures on the land.
10 Cons	istency with local strategy	There are no relevant matters to consider in the Council's local strategy.
11 Sumn	nary of interests in land.	Cowra Council is the owner of the land in fee simple.
		Cowra Council does not hold a mortgage on the land.
		The land is not managed by any trusts.
		The land has a public reserve status.
		Title search is included in Appendix 3 of this Planning Proposal.
	ny interests be arged? Why?	The land will be discharged from its status as a Public Reserve. The discharge of the reserve status is only proposed for the specific part of the land that is described and mapped in the Planning Proposal. This will require approval of the Governor and is being sought by Council as part of the reclassification
Planning Proposal	– Amendment to Cowra LEP 2012 Land	Page 30 of 31 V1.0



		process. Justification for the discharge is included in the Planning Proposal.
13	What are the effects of reclassification?	The reclassification will enable Council to dispose of the land by sale to the owners of Yarrawonga Crescent. The sale of the land has been identified by Council as the most appropriate way to resolve the issue of encroaching structures on the land.
14	Current or proposed lease or agreements?	No. The land is not currently under lease or licence.
15	Is a rezoning proposed?	No. The land is currently zoned RE1 Public Recreation.
16	How will Council benefit financially?	A financial benefit would result should the Council resolve to sell the land to the owners of the land at 7 Yarrawonga Crescent.
17	How will funds from any future sale be used?	Funds from any future sale would be directed towards the administrative and maintenance costs associated with the management of public lands in Cowra LGA.
18.	Does the reclassification relate to a part lot?	Yes. 93.6m2 of Lot 1 DP 1001729 is proposed to be reclassified to operational land. This land is clearly shown in the Planning Proposal.
19.	Government agency comments	Consultation will be completed as part of exhibition of Planning Proposal.